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RESEARCHERS FIND NEW APPROACH TO TREATING STROKE

Researchers at the University of California, San Diego, have found a new approach to treating stroke. The researchers found that a single dose of a drug called tPA (tissue plasminogen activator) can significantly reduce the risk of death and disability in patients who have had a stroke. The researchers found that the drug was most effective when given within the first 3 hours after the stroke. The researchers also found that the drug was safe and effective in patients who had a stroke within the first 3 hours after the stroke. The researchers found that the drug was most effective when given within the first 3 hours after the stroke. The researchers also found that the drug was safe and effective in patients who had a stroke within the first 3 hours after the stroke.

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The following table shows the results of the regression analysis for the dependent variable "Number of children" (N = 1,000). The independent variables are "Age", "Gender", "Education", and "Income". The table includes the coefficient estimates, standard errors, t-statistics, and p-values for each variable.

Variable	Coefficient	Standard Error	t-statistic	p-value
Age	0.05	0.01	5.00	0.000
Gender	0.10	0.02	5.00	0.000
Education	-0.05	0.01	-5.00	0.000
Income	0.02	0.01	2.00	0.050

The results indicate that the number of children increases with age and gender, and decreases with education. Income has a positive but statistically insignificant effect on the number of children.

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